

BEGIN

Turn off circuit breaker on the wall that you will be working. Remove all face plates and unscrew the outlet

from the junction box. Dispose of these screws as you will be replacing them with longer ones. Next, are you leaving the baseboards on or taking them off? If you're taking them off, use a utility knife to cut the caulking. Use a hammer and small pry bar to remove the baseboards by starting from one side and working your way to the other side. Once removed, take a small scraper and remove any left over caulking on the floor and wall. Take your first 5" plank and butt it up to the remaining adjacent baseboard and draw a line on the baseboard. Use a Dremel (vibrating saw) and remove the remaining 45 degree angle cut. (repeat on both sides if necessary). Take your first 5" plank and make sure you're flush against the dry wall and behind the baseboard you just prepared. Use a leveler and make sure each 5" plank is completely level and Brad Nail them in place. Once your 1st row of 5" planks are completely level you are now ready to start mounting the 3" planks above the 5" planks. You will be working in a "Z Formation" (alternating left to right & right to left) with 5" & 3" till you get to the top. Keep in mind, the 1st row of 5" planks must be perfectly level by Brad Nailing them in place if not, your wall could be on a slant or crooked. Repeat the process of alternating 5" & 3" planks (1 row of 5" planks to every 5 rows of 3" planks)

STAGGERING & MARKING CUTS

When installing the first row of 3" the plank should land somewhere in the middle of the 5" plank below. This pattern will create the staggered finish on your wall. Repeat the process again with the second row of 3" planks etc. You may need to cut down a longer 3" plank to create the starter plank on your wall.

Take a pencil, mark on the plank and use your mitre saw to make your cut .Face the cut side towards the wall
mark the wood, cut, flip and Brad Nail in place to avoid touch ups!

Outlets

(TURN BREAKER OFF)

Please find 2 identically thick planks for the outlets rows (it could be 3" plank or 5" planks.as long as they're the same thickness. By choosing the same thickness of wood the face plate will get mounted flush to the outlet without any uneven gaps. Keep in mind, we're building out the outlets. Mark your plank and make 2 marks outlining the ends of the outlet box. Measure the distance from the top of the plank to the end of the machine screw hole and make a mark. Use your combination square to connect your 3 marks....it should look like a half box. |,,,| Use your saw or jig saw and follow your left line....and then follow your right line. From there, take a chisel and a hammer and knock out the remaining uncut side.

Repeat these steps again, but on the following row. Keep in mind, you will be measuring in the opposite direction. The 2 marks should be on the bottom of the board and you measure upwards to the top of the machine screw hole.

FINAL RIPPED TOP Row (Table Saw)

This final row near the ceiling will require a 5" plank. Measure the distance from the last row, to the ceiling. Keep in mind that no wall is completely straight so you may need to individually rip the 5" planks with different heights one plank at a time. Use a mallet to knock in each piece and secure with your Brad Nail Gun.

If there should be any questions or concerns, please out to Stephen Hauer directly at 954-638-7623.

NOW ENJOY AND ADMIRE YOUR MASTERPIECE!